

NEW POISON  
KILLS MANY

Germans Have New Means  
of Destroying the  
French

COLORLESS LIQUID  
CARRIED IN SHELLS

British Medical Officers Are  
Making Investigations  
into New Peril

Hasebrouck, France, Aug. 9.—British medical officers are trying to determine the nature of a new poison used, it is believed, for the first time by the Germans on the French town of Armentieres, near the Belgian frontier. Many have died from its effects.

The first time the poison was noticed coincided with a hail of small shells, which contained a colorless liquid, which spread over the soil. As the liquid evaporates, it produces a heavy gas, which penetrates everywhere. It seems to make more victims among the women than among the men, clinging about the hair. The victims are first affected in the bronchial tubes, then their eyes swell, and eventually they lose their sight. These symptoms are accompanied by a burning inside and an incessant cough and fever. Their skin turned an earthy color and in several cases death followed rapidly. Occasionally the victims are affected by terrible hallucinations and delirious laughter.

FRENCH CLEARED  
TRENCH OF TEUTONS

And Detachment Returned to Its Own  
Line Unhurt—Artillery Activity at  
Two Points Reported.

Paris, Aug. 9.—In the region of the ridge of Chevreigny and the Pantheon there was artillery activity last night, says the official statement. North of the Vaux les Palameux on the Aisne front a French detachment cleared a Teuton trench, inflicting losses on the Germans, and returned to their own lines unhurt.

## FRENCH LOST SIX.

While Six Other Merchantmen Were Un-  
successfully Attacked.

Paris, Aug. 8 (Delayed).—The weekly official report of the French shipping losses, issued to-night, shows four vessels of 1,600 tons or more sunk and two vessels of less than that tonnage. Six merchantmen were attacked unsuccessfully by submarines.

## RESTORATION FIRST DEMAND

Says Lloyd George, Speaking at Lunch-  
eon of the Serbian Society.

London, Aug. 9.—Premier Lloyd George, speaking yesterday at the luncheon of the Serbian Society of Great Britain in honor of N. P. Pachitch, the Serbian premier, said that the "first condition of peace is restoration, complete and without reservation." The premier added that he believed in "little nations," saying:

"I believe in the nation which can sing about its defeats. Serbia has sung through the centuries, not of victory, but of defeat that submerged her in the flood of barbarism. Serbia always has hoped and now her day of reckoning comes. The nation that sings of her defeats is immortal."

"However long this war may last Great Britain's honor is involved in seeing Serbia free. Serbia and Belgium are the guardians of the gates and bravely have they defended them. The troops of Serbia never have been disheartened; they still are guarding the gate. The British extend once more the hand of friendship to Serbia. We will go through the war together to the end."

## EXPECT MORAL COLLAPSE.

Germany Hopes to Beat France Through  
Such Means.

Paris, Aug. 9.—Germany's latest institution, La Liberté's correspondent at Berne says, is a moral or psychological bureau, with headquarters in Berlin and agencies in all neutral countries. The object of the bureau and the duty of the agents is to catalog continuously the precise psychological status of each of Germany's enemies.

Each agent working in a neutral country adjoining an entente country must record and forward all available information bearing on the morale of the entente country and show its fluctuations. The correspondent adds that Germany's hopes are concentrated not on the success of submarine war, but on the probable moral collapse of the entente allies.

## SENATOR MARCONI HOME.

Reports on Conditions in America and  
Leaves for Front.

Rome, Aug. 8 (delayed).—Senator Marconi, the last of the Italian mission to return from the United States, arrived to-day and made a satisfactory report to Premier Boselli regarding conditions in America and the assistance that country is ready to give the allies. He left for the front to-night to make a personal report to King Victor Emmanuel.

## AUDIENCE HISSED OFFICER.

Who Was Arresting Speaker at San  
Francisco Peace Meeting.

San Francisco, Aug. 9.—Daniel O'Connell, an attorney, was arrested here late yesterday on a federal warrant charging resistance of the draft law. The warrant was served while he was addressing a meeting of the "American conference for democracy and terms of peace." The audience hissed the officer who made the arrest.

Former United States Senator John D. Works of Los Angeles arose and said: "This arrest is a disgrace to the American people and is done for the purpose of intimidating thinking people."

Dr. David Starr Jordan, prominent pacifist, was in the audience. Mrs. Alice Park, who was a member of the Ford peace party, and others present also denounced the arrest of O'Connell, who is an active member of the "People's Council of America," a pacifist organization under whose auspices the "conference for democracy" is being held. Fourteen other persons are named in the warrant with O'Connell, three of whom have been arrested. O'Connell was released on \$10,000 bail to await a hearing next week.

The arrest of O'Connell follows the receipt of a letter from John L. McNamara, chairman of the local exemption board, by the United States district attorney, calling attention to the circulation among draft eligibles of documents which denied the constitutional right of the government to draft men for military service.

"The battle is on and it will be a fight to a finish," declared O'Connell last night. "We have every confidence of a complete victory on all points."

## COAL PRICES SHAKY.

As Result of Senate's Passing the Food  
Control Bill.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 9.—Sharp reduction in coal prices was predicted by officials last night as a result of the Senate's passage yesterday of the food control bill carrying a provision for government fixing of fuel prices.

The federal trade commission, which the measure authorizes the president to designate as an agency to enforce the provision, is ready to make out a price scale at short notice. For months the commission has gathered facts as to production costs and in a recent report to Congress pointed out that prices are too high.

Bituminous prices to the general public were fixed at \$3 in a recent agreement between producers, members of the commission and other government officials. This price was to hold until a final price was determined on. Investigation has convinced members of the commission that this price is too high and that coal can be sold at a much lower figure and still leave a handsome profit for the producer.

## CLEANING UP PLATTSBURG

Col. Paul A. Wolf Gets Angry Over Condi-  
tions About Camp.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Col. Paul A. Wolf, camp commander, started on the war path in the city of Plattsburg early yesterday morning. When he had finished his task, accomplished in about 25 minutes, the chief of police had been reduced in rank, nine saloons were under such restrictions that they will be forced to close, one dance hall closed its doors last night, and all other dance halls will have to take out licenses and be under the watchful eye of three committees and the police.

A new chief of police was appointed, the common council being summoned in hurry session and the appointment confirmed. Altogether there was excitement a plenty for the Plattsburgers. Col. Wolf accompanied by the camp adjutant, Capt. J. A. Baer, motored to the office of Mayor W. B. Moores, where he was met by a representative of the Foodstuffs committee, which is looking after the morals of the training camps, and representatives of the Women's Civic league of Plattsburg.

The evidence of these committees was laid before the mayor and then Col. Wolf made his demands, which were promptly acceded to. The civic league has had two women policemen, not uniformed, at work in the city and the committee of the league took advantage of the opportunity to ask the common council to pay these women a salary, which was refused.

Col. Wolf told the mayor that the city had not kept its pledge to keep the town clean, that the military authorities had purified the city 50 per cent over its past reputation and that unless there was immediate work and with a strong hand to finish the job, the secretary of war stood ready to put the men ordered here for a second camp at some other place. The colonel said he did not propose to go back to camp until the city machinery had started in operation. It started.

## DRAFT RESISTERS DEFIANT.

Send Word They Will Fight Effort to  
Get Them Before Board.

Muskogee, Okla., Aug. 9.—A large group of draft resisters gathered at Scipio, 15 miles north of McAlester, sent word last night to R. N. McMillan, United States commissioner, that they would resist any effort to take them before an examining board, according to information received here by United States Marshal Enloe from Mr. McMillan. The men are armed, Commissioner McMillan said. Mr. Enloe instructed Deputy Marshal Peters at McAlester to take 15 men and proceed at once to Scipio.

## CARDBOARD COFFINS.

Are Now Being Made in Germany—Lids  
are Glued On.

Amsterdam, Aug. 9.—Coffins of waterproof cardboard are now being made in Germany, according to a Berlin newspaper. The lids are glued instead of being nailed on.

MARRIED MEN  
NOT EXEMPT

Massachusetts District Com-  
mittee Overrules the  
Claims of Men

EARNING NOT MORE  
THAN \$15 A WEEK

Malden, Mass., District First  
to Complete Its Quota  
of Men

Malden, Mass., Aug. 9.—The completion of its quota of 152 men for service in the national army was officially reported by division one of this city to-day. It is believed to be the first district completed. The board overruled fifty-seven exemption claims of married men whose wages did not exceed \$15 per week. They were passed because the army pay with state allowance would nearly equal this income. Ninety-eight men made no claim for exemption.

## TO PROTECT PUBLIC.

Against Profiteering Is Plan of War In-  
dustries Board.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 9.—Definite assurance that the American public would be protected against profiteering and that the allied governments will get their war supplies at the same prices as the United States is contained in an announcement of the administration's war price policy. The pronouncement was made by the new war industries board, formed last week as a part of the council of national defense to have full charge of the government's war purchases. It made clear the administration's determination that there shall be no exorbitant war profits, and at the same time stated the government's intention to see that industry receives fair prices for its products.

Prices now charged for materials necessary to the industrial life of the nation are out of all proportion, the statement said, to the cost of production. "Unconscionable profits," it is declared, are made on national resources entering into the manufacture of articles consumed by the public.

Already the administration is preparing for drastic action to reduce prices if negotiations with manufacturers fail to produce results. Robert S. Lovett, of the war board, who made public the statement, declared the government was ready for such a contingency and felt confident it could meet the situation. If possible, he said, it hoped to accomplish results without resort to legislation.

In the Senate yesterday, Senator Pomerehne introduced a bill to authorize the president to fix the prices of iron, steel and their products and to regulate their production and sale through the federal trade commission. Full power to control the sale and distribution of foods, feeds and fuels was given to the government yesterday in the final passage of the food control bill.

The administration's attitude in demanding that American manufacturers sell to the allies at the same prices as to the government is that since there is a common purpose and since the allies are buying their supplies with American money, justice requires that costs be equalized.

Two restrictions, however, will be enforced in selling to the allies. One is that the allies themselves must apply the same rule in selling to each other and to the United States, and the other is that the arrangement must be limited to articles actually used for war purposes. Officials hold that the last restriction is necessary as a protection to American industry and intend that no raw materials shall be sold abroad at low prices to be made up into manufactured goods and sold back into the United States in competition with American dealers.

## IS NEARLY LAW NOW.

Canadian Conscription Bill Passed Senate  
in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 9.—The Canadian conscription bill successfully passed the last legislative stage last night when it received third reading in the Senate. It becomes effective after the formalities of royal assent and government proclamation.

The date on which the first call will be called, comprising single men between the ages of 20 and 32 years, will be determined as soon as tribunals are created to pass upon application for exemption. The authorities expect to have the 100,000 men sought by the bill in training this autumn.

## INDIAN RISING QUELLED.

Forest Rangers and Armed Ranchers  
Stopped Them.

Globe, Ariz., Aug. 9.—The uprising of striking Indians and Mexicans at the mines of the United States Asbestos company in the Sierra Anchas mountains 50 miles from here, was quelled yesterday by the arrival of forest rangers and armed ranchers.

All of the Indians were driven from the company property, two of the leaders being arrested.

## BIG RAILROAD WRECK.

34 Persons Killed and 100 Injured at  
Arquata, Italy.

Alexandria, Italy, Aug. 9.—Thirty-four persons were killed and 100 were injured Tuesday night in the derailling of the Genoa-Milan express at Arquata.

## CONVENTIONS CLOSED.

Knights of Pythias and Pythian Sisters  
at St. Johnsbury.

St. Johnsbury, Aug. 9.—Both the grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias and the grand lodge of Pythian Sisters closed their annual gatherings here yesterday afternoon, nearly 200 delegates attending from the various lodges in Vermont.

These officers were elected for the grand lodge: Grand chancellor, Eugene J. Berry, Essex Junction; grand vice-chancellor, L. F. Miller, Rutland; grand prelate, R. S. Warner, Johnson; grand keeper of records and seal, F. E. Robinson, Barre; grand master of exchequer, Frank W. Hardy, Orleans; grand master of arms, J. D. Hoyt, St. Albans; grand inner guard, Newton B. Page, Granville; grand outer guard, P. E. Crane, Middlebury; grand trustee for two years, S. O. Smith, Orleans; for three years, S. J. Beatty, Burlington; grand tribune for two years, F. A. Whittaker, Bellows Falls; for three years, N. A. Norton, Lyndonville; supreme representative, W. A. McDonald, Bellows Falls.

These grand officers were elected by the Pythian Sisters: Grand chief, Mrs. Lillian Zottman, Burlington; grand senior, Mrs. Maude Derick, St. Albans; grand junior, Mrs. Cora Warner, North Troy; grand manager, Mrs. Mamie McLeod, St. Johnsbury; grand mistress of records, Rachel Sumner, Montpelier; grand mistress of finance, Mrs. Maud Hunt, Orleans; grand protector, Mrs. Maude Pierce, Hardwick; grand guard, Mrs. Orissa Meehan, Lyndonville; past grand chief, Mrs. Jessie Farrar, Montpelier; supreme representative, for four years, Mrs. Nettie George, St. Albans.

PRESIDENT WILL  
APPOINT HOOVER

As Food Administrator as Soon as the  
Food Control Bill Is  
Signed.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 9.—All was in readiness to-day for putting the administration food control and food survey bills into effect as soon as they become a law with the president's signature. The president will sign the bills to-morrow after the presiding officers of the Senate and House affix their signatures. This could not be done to-day, as neither house was in session.

The first step in putting the new legislation into operation probably will be the appointment by the president of Herbert C. Hoover as food administrator.

## CALL 200,000 SEPT. 1

And Men Will Go Immediately to Their  
Cantonments.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 9.—More than 200,000 men of the selective draft forces will be called to the colors Sept. 1 to go immediately to their divisional training cantonments. This will bring the strength of the United States army on that date up to virtually 1,000,000 men.

Brig. Gen. Crowder, provost marshal general, dispatched the following telegram to the governors of the states yesterday: "New regulations governing mobilization and the certification of men from district boards to adjutants general will be mailed to you on Aug. 9. In the meantime local boards should certify to district boards daily those who have been called and who have not been exempted or discharged, either because they failed to file any claim or because their claim has been decided adversely."

"Strict compliance with this rule is necessary, since on Sept. 1 the war department will call for not to exceed one-third of the quota from each state to be entrained for mobilization camps between Sept. 1 and Sept. 5. Unless we wish to be put in a position of not furnishing men as fast as the war department is ready to receive them, each state should have accumulated by Sept. 1 a minimum of one-third of its quota not exempted or discharged. This can only be attained if local boards certify these lists up with great expedition."

General Crowder also sent this additional caution to examining physicians of the local boards: "Surgeon general advises that in order to prevent the terrible ravages which result from the introduction into the army of that dread disease of the eyes known as trachoma, the lids of every recruit be examined to insure the absence of this disease and that any border line or suspicious cases be referred to an ophthalmic surgeon especially qualified in this line."

These messages were followed up by a new ruling regarding exemptions because of dependents which is expected to decrease considerably the loss of men from the military service for this reason. Boards are authorized hereafter to deny exemptions to married men whose wives are solely dependent on them but where the parents or other relatives are willing to assume the burden of her support during his absence. The same course is to be followed where any drafted man's employers agree to continue his salary as a patriotic duty.

A third supplemental ruling provides that where a man has supported his dependents by his own labor on land which he owns and the boards find that the land could be rented to advantage so as to continue the support of the wife derived from the rental, exemption for the man may be denied.

## CRUMPLED BODY FOUND.

Woman Had Been Murdered in Her Home  
at Annapolis, Md.

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 9.—The frontal bone of her skull crushed to bits, and with indications that an effort had also been made to strangle her, the body of Mrs. Little May Talup Brandon was found crumpled up on her bed by her husband, Val N. Brandon, when he returned home yesterday afternoon from work as a steno-grapher at the naval experiment station.

Apparently there is no motive for the crime and so far as known nothing was stolen.

SUMMONED  
EXTRA GROUP

Washington County Board  
Sets Examination for  
Next Monday

LARGE NUMBER  
PHYSICALLY UNFIT

First Day's Examination  
Produced Only One Posi-  
tively Certified

As soon as they had become convinced that Washington county's quota of 22 men for the new national army would not be filled from the first two groups of 22 men each, called originally, the county selection and exemption board proceeded to issue a new call for the next 25 men in the order of their selection at Washington and according to the official list published in another column of to-day's paper. The examination of the third group will be held at the county courthouse Monday, Aug. 13, beginning at 9 o'clock.

The calling of the third group was largely due to the depletion of the list of 22 men called yesterday, the first day of the examination, through discharge for physical disabilities and through possible release because of claims for exemption from military service. Every one of the 22 men called in the first group was accounted for by night-fall, the man who failed to report early in the day having telegraphed from a western state. One man of the first 22 men, Peter Gonyo of Barre, already had enlisted; one man is to be examined elsewhere; one man's examination was postponed temporarily; 11 men were discharged for physical disabilities; six men who passed filed claims for exemption and only one man had the distinction of passing the examination and not claiming exemption before the local board.

The man who passed and did not claim exemption yesterday is Ashley Charles Barnett of Cabot. He was the 11th man drawn in the county.

The six men of the first 22 who passed the physical examination but claimed exemption were as follows:

Wilbur J. Duquette of Barre, dependent wife.  
Luis San Miguel of Barre, dependent parents.  
Domenico Pellole of Granville, an alien.  
Ray L. Jerome of Montpelier, dependent wife and children.  
Edward Carboneau of Granville, dependents.  
Fred A. Mobus of Warren, dependents.

The board completed the examination of the second group of 22 men early this afternoon, with the exception of one man who was sick and unable to report. A greater percentage were found to be physically fit to-day than yesterday, 13 passing the examinations, six being rejected because unable to pass the examination and one, a subject of Germany, not being examined.

Those claiming exemption to-day were as follows:

George Elbert Jewett of Marshfield, dependent wife and parents.  
Wesley M. Hayes of Montpelier, dependents.  
Max G. Reaside of Barre, dependents.  
Robert B. Knox of Barre, dependents.  
Moses Arronte of East Barre, dependents.  
Raymond M. Izor of Montpelier, dependents.  
William Simonelli of Barre, dependents.  
Verne L. Smith of Waterbury, minister of the gospel.  
Allie Trudelle of Westerville, dependent parents.  
Alesmo Rossi of Barre, dependent parents.

Carl Heinrich Low of Barre, subject of Germany.  
Four of those who passed the examination did not file claim for exemption to-day.

## ORANGE COUNTY HAS

34 ACCEPTED MEN

Quota Is Just One-Half Filled and Board  
Is to Call Another Group of Men  
to Complete the List.

Chelsea, Aug. 9.—Results of examinations conducted Aug. 6, 7 and 8 by the registration board for Orange county were announced to-day as follows: Called to the colors, 34; already enlisted, 5; transferred to other boards for examination, 4; not heard from, 1; discharged for physical disability, 51; filed claims for dependents, 41; total, 136. Orange county's quota is 68 and it is expected that another call will be made at once.

The Accepted Men.

For service are:  
Roy Bridgman Godfrey, Fairlee.  
Manly Carpenter, Vershire.  
Charles Reuben Adams, Randolph Center.

Golden William Prentice, Randolph.  
Philip Harry Hoyt, Sharon.  
James Rothovitch, Randolph Center.  
Daniel E. Miner, Barre R. D.  
George Belzil, Lewiston, Me.  
William Watson Vinton, Roxbury.  
William Stewart Bailey, South Ryegate.

Robert W. Renfrew, Bradford.  
James Linton, Stratford.  
Walter John Chynoweth, Williams-town.

Henry St. Pierre, Williamstown.  
Thomas James Collins, Chelsea.  
Harold Edgar Nutbrown, Thetford Center.

Royal Benjamin Downing, Waits River.  
Ralph John Sawyer, Randolph.  
Howard Irvin Griffith, Williamstown.  
Percy Harold Welch, Tunbridge.  
Amos Sanborn Giles, Tunbridge.  
Alfred Morris, East Barre.  
Frank Edmund Bonnett, North Thetford.

Gordon Rodman LaBounty, Randolph.  
Wesley Thomas Abell, Randolph Center.

Charles Newell Ladd, Barre.  
Lee Wilson Bacon, South Fairlee.  
Edward E. Grant, Jr., Bradford.  
Ralph W. Burin, Groton.

Jesse Edson Mahan, East Randolph.  
Ray Dennison Godfrey, West Fairlee.  
Richard Bailey Cobb, Newbury.  
Frank Francis Goulette, Washington.  
John William Goss, East Randolph.

## WINDSOR COUNTY DRAFT.

Of 23 Who Passed on First Day, Six  
Claimed Exemption.

The report of the first day's examination in Windsor county, received by the adjutant general in Montpelier to-day, showed that 23 passed the examination, of which six claimed exemption. The quota is 208. Additional men are being called by the board.

## DROUTH HARD HIT.

Gen. J. Pluvius Invased This Region with  
Heavy Weapons.

Torrential showers and a resulting flow of somewhat raging waters through the main street of Barre this morning brought back vividly memories of at least two disastrous floods which have visited this city in recent years. In showers, which came at close intervals in a steady rainfall beginning soon after dawn, had the punch but lacked the duration of cloud bursts in the past that have converted small streams into swollen torrents and streets into gondola paths. Sharp peals of thunder accompanied one of the later showers, but the lightning was far away. Sheets of rain struck the earth with a thud and before long hill streets were being sadly gouged, the work of weeks and months was undone, and great heaps of alluvium were deposited on the level highways.

From Depot square south along North Main street water spread from curb to curb at the height of the downpour and intakes all along the way could not take care of the water that rushed through the gutters. The street department laborers were abroad at an early hour, but their activities could not keep pace with the rain and in several instances the water set back into cellars. Gardeners whose war plots were not targets for the fury of the storm are reckoning that the showers will make a good bit of difference with their crops, but the rainfall, coming as it did, will cost the city a few dollars to repair the damage done on hill streets and elsewhere.

## NINTH POLIO CASE

Breaks Out in Family Living on North  
Main Street.

Sporadic outbreaks of poliomyelitis continue, another case having been discovered yesterday afternoon. The victim and the ninth to develop positive symptoms since the malady made its appearance in Barre a month ago is the 3-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Young, who live upstairs over the blacksmith shop near the corner of North Main and Blackwell streets. Health Officer Stewart diagnosed the case immediately after he was called and an examination by Dr. Edward Taylor of Burlington confirmed the original diagnosis. The child is not seriously ill, but there are six other children in the family and every precaution has been taken to guard against an epidemic in the household. Police headquarters was notified of the case as soon as it developed and a patrolman was on duty at the house last night.

There are nine cases in Barre at the present time, but the authorities are by no means apprehensive of the immediate future. It seems pretty well established that the situation in the south end is well in hand and if the quarantine is enforced as effectively in the north end, where the more recent cases have broken out, it is felt that this city will be rid of the disease in due time.

## SECOND SUICIDE ATTEMPT.

Mrs. Cora Sanborn of Worcester, Mass.,  
Believed Demented.

Worcester, Mass., Aug. 9.—Mrs. Cora Sanborn, aged 21, wife of Jacob Sanborn, is dying in City hospital from her second suicidal attempt made within 24 hours. She was found lying on a couch in their home at 180 May street, unconscious, with her husband's photograph in her hand, by Sanborn's mother, Mrs. Ada Sanborn of 10 Gates street, late night, while her husband was continuing an all-day search he made to locate her.

An empty eight-ounce chloroform bottle was beside the young woman, and the odor of the anesthetic was on her breath, but whether she drank it or inhaled it could not be determined by Police Surgeon Cassels, who responded to an emergency call and hurried her to the hospital. Her baby, aged four months, has been cared for by his grandmother for several days.

Tuesday night Sanborn came upon his wife as she was drinking wood alcohol. He gave her an antidote and finally quieted her. Slight hope for her recovery is given at City hospital. She is believed to be affected mentally.

## BECAME LAW TO-DAY.

Rivers and Harbors Bill Signed By the  
President.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 9.—The rivers and harbors bill, appropriating approximately \$27,000,000, became a law to-day with the president's signature.

BARRE MAN PUT  
UNDER ARREST

Carl Heinrich Low, "Alien  
Enemy," Resented the  
Questioning

WHEN INTERROGATED  
BY U. S. MARSHAL

District Attorney Bought of  
Burlington Or  
Him He

After appearing before the Washington county exemption board at Montpelier to-day and filing his exemption claim from military service because he was from a country which is at war with the United States, Carl Heinrich Low of Barre was questioned by United States District Marshal Lackey and, failing to respond in a manner satisfactory to the official, was held pending word from U. S. District Attorney V. A. Bullard of Burlington.

When going before the board Low had little to say except to go through the form of filing his claim, but when he was interrogated by the district marshal he is said to have resented the querying. After District Attorney Bullard ordered the man held, Low was taken to the county jail, where he is still under arrest. At the jail he is said to have made quite a lot of comment.

Low is a painter by trade and is said to have come to the United States from Germany in 1912.

## MANY FOUND ALIENS.

Grafton County, N. H., Board Completes  
Three Days' Work.

Woodsville, N. H., Aug. 9.—The exemption board for Grafton county completed a three days' task last night, examining 72 registrants yesterday, 56 of whom were accepted as physically fit. Of 216 examined in the three days, 152 were accepted.

A large number of the 260 men called proved to be aliens and were not examined. The claims for exemption among the physically sound were plentiful. The total number is not yet known, as all papers have not yet been filed.

## CATE-BATES

Barre Young Woman the Bride of North  
Calaix Man.

Miss Nina L. Bates, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George L. Bates, and George L. Cate of North Calais were married at the home of the bride's parents, 7 Orange street, Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, the ceremony being performed by Rev. C. C. Connors of East Calais. Only relatives and more intimate friends were present. The double ring service was used and as the bride party entered the parlor, where the ceremony took place, Mendelssohn's wedding march was played on the victrola. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Mildred H. Bates, and Weston A. Cate, a student at St. Lawrence university and a cousin of the groom, acted as best man.

The bride was gowned in white net and wore a veil. She carried a shower bouquet of white roses and white sweet peas. Her bridesmaid wore white net, trimmed with green medallions, and carried pink sweet peas.

The bride chose for her wedding day the 25th wedding anniversary of her parents. Mrs. Cate was graduated from Goddard seminary in the class of 1912 and later has been engaged as a teacher in the city schools. Mr. Cate was graduated from the Vail Agricultural school at Lyndon in 1913, since which time he has been interested in the management of a large farm in North Calais. Bride and groom were the recipients of many wedding gifts. They are passing their honeymoon at Malletts bay on Lake Champlain, after which they are to reside in North Calais.

Among the guests from out of town were: Mr. and Mrs. Frank K. Freeborn of Marlboro, Mass., Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Robinson of Somerville, Mass., Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Cate of North Calais, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hollister of Marshfield, Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Lamb of East Calais and Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Cate of Montpelier. No cards were issued.

## CAMPBELL-HIBBS.

Granville Man and